

Swiss Stake Security Assessment (Summary)

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Assessment Summary

During the week of January 13 to January 17, 2020, Trail of Bits performed an assessment of the Curve.fi smart contract (<u>2c7494a1</u>) with one engineer. Trail of Bits reported seven issues and one code quality recommendation. On February 18, Trail of Bits reviewed the fixes made to reported vulnerabilities from commit hash <u>65365742</u>.

Throughout this assessment, Trail of Bits sought to answer various questions about the security of the contract. We focused on flaws that would allow an attacker to:

- Drain the contract's funds
- Prevent liquidity providers from accessing their funds
- Break the pool's invariant

We performed manual code analysis and property-based fuzzing with <u>Echidna</u>. Several issues found were the results of fuzzing. The properties manually or automatically checked include:

- Can the arithmetic rounding be abused to drain the contract?
- Are the front-running risks well understood?
- Are Vyper language-specific issues present?
- Can the pool's creator access unexpected privileges?
- Can the pool be trapped due to gas limitations?
- Are the interactions with the external tokens properly done?
- Is the contract free of re-entrancies?
- Are the functions working with the underlying tokens in the same way as the original functions?
- Can a user pay a greater price than expected?

Due to time constraints, some areas were only partly covered, including the impact of the arithmetic rounding over multiple transactions; our preliminary results showed a negligible impact.

Swiss Stake correctly fixed the reported issues. Trail of Bits made the following additional recommendations:

- Integrate fuzzing as part of the development process and constantly fuzz the pool with parameters close to the deployed values.
- Consider verifying the contract's invariants with <u>symbolic execution</u>.
- Add asserts for the maximum value of admin-controlled parameters.
- Be aware of the gas limitation for future code updates using get_D.

- Consider renaming some variables (PRECISION -> LENDING_PRECISION, tethered -> ERC20NoReturn).
- Document the case of token migration.
- Consider using parentheses for all arithmetic operations.